Imashirozuka Burial Mound

Imashirozuka Burial Mound is one of the greatest keyhole-shaped mound in the Yodogawa valley that was built in the first half of the 6th century and that offers the canal of double. Scientifically, it is called the true Imperial mausoleum of Keitai the Great King. In the excavation investigation over ten years, precious discovery of the greatest Haniwa altar in Japan, the building blocks in a tumulus and the foundation stones laid to support the barial chamber which were the most advanced engineering-works technology of that time succeeded one another. It is an irreplaceable history inheritance as an only Great king Burial Mound which can consider concretely whether it was built, what kind of festival was performed how, was moreover buried it was built, what kind of festival was performed how, was moreover buried.





Get off at JR Settsu-Tonda or Hankyu Tonda Station Daio-no-Mori Park is 25 minutes away on foot

By Public Bus To Nasahara Nanpei-dai course immediately from Imashirozuka Kofun Mae

To Kansai University, To Hagitani, To Hagitani Sogo Koen 3 minutes from Himuro

Imashirozuka Museum

● 10:00~17:00 (last admission at 16:30)

■ Mondays and the next days of National Holidays / year-end holidays (12/28~1/3)

 $\textbf{Admissions} \quad \textbf{ } \textbf{Free} \, (\, \textbf{Special exhibitions require a separate admission fee} \,)$

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Imashiro Daio-no-Mori Park UJUS KEORE



史跡今城塚古墳

lmashirozuka museum

今城塚 古代歴史館

Imashiro Daio-no-Mori Park UELS SEOFE



Imashiro Daio-no-Mori Park The Historic Site Imashirozuka Burial Mound

Haniwa Festival of great king

In the Haniwa altar which is the greatest feature, more than 200 Representational Haniwa such as houses, persons, animals and so on. Here is the only place where you can see the reproduction of the Emperor's tomb.



- Designed to protect Piled-up Earth of tumuls
- 2 Institution of a back circle part terrace
- Foundation stones supporting a heavy
- 4 Burial mound collapsed from an earthquake
- The corner in the Southwest remaining the shape of the time of construction
- the snape of the time of construction
- 6 Place for a ceremony (north)
- Place for a ceremony (south)
- 8 Canal surrounding a burial mound

Find the explanation board!

Come on!

You can take a walk on Burial Mound freely.

- 9 Bank surrounding a inner canal
- 10 Stage for Haniwa Festival
- 11 Fence showing a sanctuary
- 12 Banl surrounding a inner canal
- Canal which does not collect water
- Section of Ground-breaking ceremony and an inside bank
- 15 View Spot of Haniwa Festival
- Section of Ground-breaking ceremony and an inside bank

awn open space

Imashirozuka Burial Mound, the history inheritancere presenting Japan finished the excavation investigation over ten years, and the maintenance construction which reaches in seven years, and was reborn in the rich green Kofun Park of 9 ha of width. Feel grand history space.



Burial Mound

The form of the keyhole-shaped mound was recreated. Moreover, the form of the burial mound which collapsed in the Fushimi earthquake of the Age of Civil Wars and timber are utilized.



Inner canal

Water was filled in the inner which surround the burial mound. The part is restored



Cross-sectional exhibition of inner canal

In the north-side underground passsage which connects an outside canal and an inner canal, Cross-sectional layer of Piledup Earth checked by investigation of inside bank is stripped, and is exhibited.



Haniwa altar

About 190 Representational Haniwa-houses, swords, persons, animals etc.-are restored to the position confirmed by excabation investigation.





There are Imashirozuka Burial Mound and Museum in Imashiro Daio-no-Mori Park.



Burial Mound







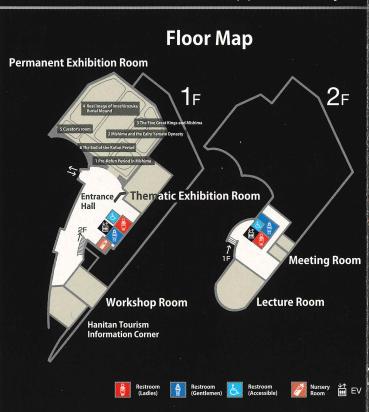
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Imashirozuka museum



1 Pre-Kofun Period in Mishima It explains even a king's appearance through Jomon period and Yayoi period from the Old stone Age with the pleasant video.

2 Mishima and the Ealry Yamato Dynasty





4 Real image of Imashirozuka Burial Mound Π (Funeral rite of Gr

Approach to the funeral rite of Great King Burial Mound by genuine Haniwa group found in Imashirozi houses, gates, fences, swords, shields, warriors, priestess, wrestlers, and animals-, three restoration st

The museum explains, starting with the outline of the Mishima Kofun group, various creative devices of making the burial mound whichi became clear by exsavation investigation of Imashirozuka Burial Mound, also using the real size's diorama models and some videos. It is a place of a history experience and the learning, in which send various information through real Haniwa and abundant unearthed articles as a base of the history inheritance network.



3 The Five Great Kings and Mishima

at King Burial Mound〉

uka Burial Mound -such as one coffins and some burial items



4 Real image of Imashirozuka Burial Mound I (Construction of Gigantic Burial Mound)





5 Curator's room

It introduces curator's works through the science search for Burial Mound, analytical



From the appearance of Clusters of Small Kofun to the construction of the temple, it explores the formation process of Ritsuryo Kokka -the Japanese nation under the ritsuryo codes

Tuff using for the stone coffin was brought from Nara, Hyogo Kumamoto, and so on. You will understand that Imashirozuka Burial Mound was built under the extraordinary power.







There is a kiln in a workshop room so you can experience creating Haniwa. Come on and challenge!